

Q1. A handsome man

- a) tycoon
- b) debonair
- c) cavalier
- d) adonis

Answer: (d)

adonis

adonis (N.): an extremely young man

tycoon (N.): a person who is successful in business/ industry and has become rich and powerful

debonair (N.): fashionable and confident (of men)

cavalier (N.): a courtly gentleman, especially one acting as a lady's escort



Q2. Inscription on a gravestone

- a) memorial
- b) epitaph
- c) epigraph
- d) obituary

Answer: (b)

epitaph

epitaph (N.): an inscription on a tombstone obituary (N.): a notice of someone's death (with his life and achievements) memorial (N.): a structure evected to commemorate persons/events epigraph (N.): an engraved inscription



Q3. Unwelcome aspect of a situation

- a) flip side
- b) flip-flop
- c) flint lock
- d) flippant

Answer: (a)

flip side

flip side (N.): different and less welcome aspects of an idea, argument/action flippant (Adj.): showing that you do not take something as seriously as other people think you should flip-flop (N.): a type of footwear flintlock (N.): a gun used in the past



Q4. Opinion contrary to accepted doctrines

- a) advocacy
- b) heresy
- c) convention
- d) controversy

Answer: (b)

heresy

heresy (N.): a belief/an opinion that disagrees strongly with what most people believe controversy (N.): a dispute where there is strong disagreement advocacy (N.): active support of an idea/acause convention (N.): the way in which something is done that most people in a society expect and consider to be polite/the right way to do it



Q5. Lively or high-spirited

- a) grave
- b) vivacious
- c) discouraged
- d) depression

Answer: (b)

vivacious (Adj.): having a lively, attractive personality.



Q6. A brave, noble minded or chivalrous man

- a) robust
- b) gallant
- c) reckless
- d) handsome

Answer: (b)

gallant

gallant (Adj.): having/displaying great dignity/nobility

robust (Adj.): strong and healthy

reckless (Adj.): rash



Q7. To make atonement for one's sins

- a) renounce
- b) remonstrate
- c) recant
- d) expiate

Answer: (d)

expiate

expiate (V.): to accept punishment for something that you have done wrong in order to show that you are sorry renounce (V.): to give up; remonstrate (V.): argue in protest/opposition recant (V.): formally reject (under pressure) atonement (N.): the act of showing you are sorry for doing something wrong in the past www.careericons.com



Q8. A person with strong desire to steal.

- a) kleptomania
- b) losmomania
- c) melanomania
- d) nelomania

Answer: (a)

kleptomania

kleptomania (N.): a mental illness in which somebody has a strong desire, which they cannot control, to steal things

nelomania (N.): uncontrollable obsession for glass

kosmomania (N.): uncontrollable obsession for cosmos/cosmic phenomena

melanomania (N.): uncontrollable obsession for black (color)



Q9. Intentional damage to arrest production

- a) sangfroid
- b) sabotage
- c) modus operandi
- d) nemesis

Answer: (b)

sabotage

sabotage (N.): the act of doing deliberate damage to equipment, transport, machines, etc. nemesis (N.): a person/thing that causes somebody to lose their power, position, etc. and that cannot be avoided

sangfroid (N.): the ability to remain calm in a difficult/ dangerous situation modus operandi (N.): a particular method of working



Q10. One who runs away from justice or the law

- a) criminal
- b) fugitive
- c) thief
- d) smuggler

Answer: (b)

fugitive

fugitive (Noun): a person who has escaped/is running away from some where and is trying to avoid being caught



Q11. The act of killing one's own brother or sister

- a) suicide
- b) patricide
- c) fratricide
- d) homicide

Answer: (c)

fratricide

fratricide (N.): the crime of killing your brother/ sister

homicide (N.): the crime of killing somebody deliberately

patricide (N.): the crime of killing your father



Q12. A man who collects old and new coins.

- a) numismatist
- b) archaeologist
- c) zoologist
- d) geologist

Answer: (a)

numismatist

numismatist (N.): a collector and student of money (coins) geologist (N.): a specialist in geology archaeologist (N.): a person who studies prehistoric people and their culture zoologist (N.): a specialist in the branch of biology dealing with animals



Q13. An unimportant person.

- a) nonentity
- b) nonpareil
- c) nonconformist
- d) nonagenarian

Answer: (a)

nonentity

nonentity (N.): a person of no influence nonagenarian (Adj.): aged between 90 and 99 years old nonpareil (Adj.): eminent beyond/above comparison nonconformist (N.): someone who refuses to conform to establish standards of conduct



Q14. One who hates mankind

- a) misogynist
- b) humanitarian
- c) misanthrope
- d) philanthropist

Answer: (c)

misanthrope

misanthrope (N.): a person who hates and avoids other people philanthropist (N.): a rich person who helps the poor and those in need (money) misogynist (N.): a man who hates women humanitarian (N.): a person who is concerned with reducing suffering and improving the conditions that people live in



Q15. To free a person by a verdict of 'not guilty'.

- a) acquit
- b) acquiesce
- c) acquire
- d) acquaint

Answer: (a)

acquit

acquit (V.): to decide and state officially in court that somebody is not guilty of a crime acquaint (V.): to make somebody/yourself familiar with/ aware of something acquiesce (V.): to accept something without arguing



Q16. Irresistible craving for alcoholic drinks

- a) dipsomania
- b) megalomania
- c) kleptomania
- d) pyromania

Answer: (a)

dipsomania

pyromania = an obsessive desire to set fire to things megalomania = obsession with the exercise of power kleptomania = a recurrent urge to steal



Q17. A person who thinks he is ill all the time

- a) neophyte
- b) maniac
- c) misanthrope
- d) hypochondriac

Answer: (d)

hypochondriac

hypochondriac (N.): worried all the time about your health and believing that you are ill/sick when there is nothing wrong with you

neophyte (N.): a person who has recently started an activity

maniac (N.): an insane person

misanthrope (N.): someone who dislikes people in general



Q18. Medical study of skin and its diseases

- a) dermatology
- b) endocrinology
- c) gynecology
- d) orthopedics

Answer: (a)

dermatology

dermatology (N.): medical study of skin and its diseases orthopedics (N.): medical study of disorders/deformities of the spine and joints endocrinology (N.): medical study of endocrine system and hormones gynecology (N.): medical study of diseases in women, especially of the reproductive organs



Q19. Walking in sleep

- a) insomnia
- b) somnolence
- c) sleepyhead
- d) somnambulism

Answer: (d)

somnambulism

somnambulism (N.): the act of walking around while you are asleep insomnia (N.): the condition of being unable to sleep somnolence (N.): the state of being almost asleep sleepy head (N.): a way of addressing somebody who is not completely awake



Q20. A place where soldiers live.

- a) shacks
- b) ordnance Depots
- c) barracks
- d) tanks

Answer: (c)

barracks

barracks (N.): a large building/ group of buildings for soldiers to live in

shacks (N.): a small building usually made of wood/ metal, that has not been built well ordnance

depots (N.): where military supplies and materials are stored



Q21. An act of misappropriation of money

- a) misconduct
- b) debasement
- c) corruption
- d) embezzlement

Answer: (d)

embezzlement

embezzlement (N.): the act of stealing money that you are responsible for or that belongs to your employer

misconduct (N.): unacceptable behavior (by a professional person)

debasement (N.): the fact of making something/ somebody less valuable/ respected

corruption (N.): dishonest/illegal behavior (of people in authority)



Q22. The study of skin

- a) dermatoglyphics
- b) stratigraphy
- c) oncology
- d) dermatology

Answer: (d)

dermatology

dermatology (N.): the branch of medicine dealing with the skin and its diseases dermatoglyphics (N.): the study of the lines forming a skin pattern, on the palms of the hands and soles of the feet

stratigraphy (N.): the study of rock strata

oncology (N.): the scientific study of and treatment of tumors in the body



Q23. Continuing for a long period of time without interruption

- a) recurring
- b) perpetual
- c) frequenting
- d) continuum

Answer: (b)

perpetual

perpetual (Adj.): continuous; continuing for a long period of time without interruption continuum (N.): a series of similar items in which each is almost the same as the ones next to it but the last is very different from the first recurring (V.): to happen again and again frequenting (Adj.): happening/ doing something often



Q24. Suitable or intended for only young persons

- a) puerile
- b) adolescent
- c) juvenile
- d) youthful

Answer: (c)

juvenile

juvenile (Adj.): connected with young people who are not yet adults

puerile (Adj.): silly; suitable for a child rather than an adult



Q25. Gradually advanced

- a) evoluted
- b) evaded
- c) advantaged
- d) evolved

Answer: (d)

evolved

evolved (V.): to develop gradually evoluted (N.): a type of geometric curve evaded (V.): to escape from somebody/something advantaged (Adj.): being in a good social/financial situation

10,000+ General English MCQs from various topics for SSC CGL Tier-1 Examination

Get Online Practice for

20,000+ Verbal Reasoning MCQs

10,000+ Non Verbal Reasoning MCQs

10,000+Quantitative Aptitude MCQs

20,000+ General Awareness MCQs

Also With

Free Practice test, Online Quiz & Mock Test Series.



Visit us:

www.careericos.com