Computer MCQ: Fundamental & Concepts Of Computer

Q1. **A personal computer (PC) is a _____ computer:**

a) Super

b) Main Frame

c) Micro

d) None of The Above

Answer: (c)

Computer MCQ: Fundamental & Concepts Of Computer

Q2. The basic goal of computer process is to convert data into _____.

    a) information

    b) tables

    c) files

    d) graphs

    e) None of these

Answer: (a)

Computer MCQ: Fundamental & Concepts Of Computer

Q3. **Computers excel at**

a) performing the same action(s) over and over the same way.

b) keeping track of large numbers of small details.

c) providing creative solutions to problems.

d) working in fractions of seconds.

e) All of these

Answer: (e)

Computer MCQ: Fundamental & Concepts Of Computer

Q4. **The benefit of using computers is that _____.**

    a) Computers are very fast and can store huge amounts of data

    b) Computers provide accurate output even when input is incorrect

    c) Computers are designed to be inflexible

    d) All of these

    e) None of these

Answer: (a)

Computer MCQ: Fundamental & Concepts Of Computer

Q5. **A thread is a_____ :**

a) lightweight process where the context switching is low

b) lightweight process where the context switching is high

c) is used to speed up paging

d) None of The Above

Answer: (a)

Computer MCQ: Fundamental & Concepts Of Computer

Q6. Microcomputer hardware consists of three basic categories of physical equipment _____.

    a) keyboard, monitor, hard drive

    b) system unit, input/output, memory

    c) system unit, input/output, secondary storage

    d) system unit, primary storage, secondary storage

    e) None of these

Answer: (b)

Computer MCQ: Fundamental & Concepts Of Computer

Q7. Computers gather data, which means they allow users to _____

      a) present

      b) store

      c) output

      d) input

      e) None of these

Answer: (d)

Q8. **Super computer developed by Indian scientists**

    a) Param

    b) Super30I

    c) Compaq Presario

    d) Cray YMP

    e) Blue Gene

Answer: (a)

Q9. **Multi-programming systems_____:**

    a) Are easier to develop than single programming systems

    b) Execute each job faster

    c) Execute more jobs in the same time

    d) None of The Above

Answer: (c)

Q10. The basic goal of computer process is to convert data into

a) files

b) tables

c) information

d) graphs

e) None of these

Answer: (c)

Computer MCQ: Fundamental & Concepts Of Computer

Q11. Which one is the Low Level Language:

     a) Assembly

     b) Visual Basic

     c) Java

     d) C++

     e) None of The Above

Answer: (a)

Computer MCQ: Fundamental & Concepts Of Computer

Q12. **PCB stands for:**

      a) Process Control Block

      b) Printed Circuit Board

      c) Both of The Above

      d) None of The Above

Answer: (c)

Computer MCQ: Fundamental & Concepts Of Computer

Q13. Which of the following are computers that can be carried around easily ?

      a) Minicomputers

      b) Supercomputers

      c) PCs

      d) Laptops

      e) None of these

Answer: (d)

Computer MCQ: Fundamental & Concepts Of Computer

Q14. Most Keyboards use an arrangement of keys given the name:

      a) Dvorak

      b) QWERTY

      c) CISC

      d) None of The Above

      Answer: (b)

Q15. When your computer stops working suddenly, it is referred to as a _____.

a) crash

b) die

c) death

d) penalty

e) None of these

Answer: (a)

Computer MCQ: Fundamental & Concepts Of Computer

Q16. The digital signals can be represented by :

      a) Binary Codes

      b) 0 and 1

      c) High and Low

      d) All of The Above

      e) None of The Above

Answer: (d)

Q17. Which of the following are computers that can be carried around easily?

a) Laptops

b) Supercomputers

c) PCs

d) Minicomputers

e) None of these

Answer: (a)

Q18. **Which of the following is the fastest type of computer?**

a) Laptop

b) Notebook

c) Personal computer

d) Workstation

e) Supercomputer

Answer: (e)

Q19. **What is an embedded system?**

a) A program that comes wrapped in a box.

b) A program that is permanent part of a computer

c) A computer that is part of a larger computer

d) A computer and software system that controls a machine or appliance

e) None of these

Answer: (d)

Q20. The input device most commonly used to enter text would be the:

    a) Bar Code Reader

    b) Microphone

    c) Keyboard

    d) None of The Above

Answer: (c)

Q21. **Palmtop computer is also known as**

      a) Personal computer

      b) Notebook computer

      c) Tablet PC

      d) Handled computer

      e) None of these

Answer: (d)

Q22. Choose the odd one out.

a) Microcomputer

b) Minicomputer

c) Supercomputer

d) Notebook computer

e) Digital computer

Answer: (d)

Q23. **A desktop computer is also known as _____.**

a) Palm Pilot

b) PC

c) laptop

d) mainframe

e) None of these

Answer: (b)

Q24. When did John Napier develop logarithm :

      a) 1614

      b) 1416

      c) 1641

      d) None of The Above

Answer: (a)

Q25. Microprocessor was introduced in which generation of computer?

a) Second Generation

b) Fourth Generation

c) Both (a) and (b)

d) Fourth Generation

e) None of these

Answer: (d)

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