

GUPTA & POST GUPTA PERIOD BASED INDIAN HISTORY MCQ PRACTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS PDF WITH EXPLANATION

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Q1. Which one of the following is not a work on architecture?

- a) Samarangana Sutradhara
 - b) Mahavastu
 - c) Mayamata
 - d) Manasare
-

Q2. Which of the following rulers started Gupta currency system?

- a) Chandragupta I
 - b) Samudragupta
 - c) Chandragupta II
 - d) Srigupta
-

Q3.

Kings	Queens
1. Chandragupta-I	Kumaradevi
2. Samudragupta	Dattadevi
3. Chandragupta-II	Dhruvadevi
4. Kumargupta-I	Kuberanaga

Select the correct answer from the codes given below: Codes:

- a) 1, 2 and 3
 - b) 2 and 4
 - c) 1, 2 and 4
 - d) 2 and 3
-

Q4. Which of the following inscription was found on iron pillar?

- a) Mehrauli
- b) Saranath
- c) Sanchi
- d) Babru

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Q5. Who was Dhanavantri?

- a) A Physician
- b) A Philosopher
- c) A Surgeon
- d) A Chemist

Q6. The guild organization described in the Mandsore inscription of Kumaragupta was known as

- a) Dantakara
- b) Tantuvaya
- c) Tailika
- d) Kulika

Q7. Which of the following Orissan temples has a Sikhar of Dravidian style?

- a) Lingaraj
- b) Rajarani
- c) Vaital Devl
- d) Jagannath

Q8. Who among the following believed in the theory of Bheda-bhed?

- a) Nimbarakacharya
 - b) Madhvacharya
 - c) Ramanujacharya
 - d) Vallabhacharya
-

Q9. Which of the following are marked by the agrarian structure in the Post - Gupta period?

- 1. Large scale grants of land in different parts of India.
- 2. Undermining of communal rights over land
- 3. Subjection of peasants

- a) 1 and 3
 - b) 1, 2 and 3
 - c) 1 and 2
 - d) 2 and 3
-

Q10. The six distinct schools of Indian philosophy Sankhya, Yoga, Nyaya, Vaishasika, Mimansa, Vedanta became fully articulated during the

- a) Maurya period
 - b) Buddha period
 - c) Gupta period
 - d) Vedic period
-

Q11. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

List-I	List-II
(Dynasty)	(State)
A. Kadamba	1. Odisha
B. Kharvela	2. Karnataka

C. Chalukya	3. Bengal
D. Pala	4. Gujarat

Codes: A B C D

a) 1 2 3 4

b) 2 1 4 3

c) 1 2 4 3

d) 2 1 3 4

Q12. Which Chalukyan ruler is said to have received an embassy from the Persian king Khusrau II?

a) Vikramaditya I

b) Pulakesin II

c) Vijayaditya

d) Vinayaditya

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Q13. Who was the first ruler of Gupta dynasty to assume the title of 'Maharajadhiraja'?

a) Chandragupta I

b) Samudragupta

c) Chandragupta II

d) Srigupta

Q14. The six district school of Indian philosophy Sankhya, Yoga, Nyaya, Vaishasika, Mimansa, Vedanta became fully articulated during the

a) Maurya period

- b) Vedic period
- c) Gupta period
- d) Buddha period

Q15. There are only two known examples of cave paintings of the Gupta period in ancient India. One of these is paintings of Ajanta caves. Where is the other surviving example of Gupta paintings?

- a) Ellora caves
- b) Bagh caves
- c) Nasik caves
- d) Lomas Rishi cave

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Answers to the above questions :

Q1. Answer: (b)

Mahavastu is not a work on architecture. Mahavastu is a more refined version of Vastu Shastra. Vastu Shastra is a very old subject didn't have a proper procedure to apply the beneficial wisdom in modern lifestyle.

Due to lack of proper research and documentation of results, it has never been possible to give it a scientific working procedure.

Q2. Answer: (a)

It is usually held that Chandragupta I was the first imperial ruler who introduced currency system and that the Chandragupta-Kumaradevi type of gold coins were the earliest gold coins of the dynasty. But according to the scholars, it was Samudragupta who first issued Gupta coins that his first gold coins were of standard type and that later on, he issued the Chandragupta-Kumaradevi type of coins to commemorate his father's marriage to Lichchhavi princess which had proved to be a great benefit to the Gupta dynasty.

The minting of silver coins was first started in the reign of Chandragupta II and was continued by Kumargupta I and Skandgupta.

Q3. Answer: (a)

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Q4. Answer: (a)

Q5. Answer: (a)

Dhanavantri was a physician. Dhanvantari is depicted as Vishnu with four hands, holding medical herbs in one hand and a pot containing rejuvenating nectar called amrita in another. He is often shown with a leech in his hand rather than the scriptures.

The Puranas state that Dhanavantari emerged from the 'Ocean of Milk' and appeared with the pot of nectar during the story of the Samudra or Sagar Manthan whilst the ocean was being churned by the Devas and Asuras, using the Mandara mountain and the serpent Vasuki.

Q6. Answer: (b)

Q7. Answer: (c)

Vaital Deul, the Odishan temples, has a Shikhar of Dravidian style. Vaital Deul temple is an eight century temple situated near Bindu Sarovar where main deity is Chamunda, the Tantric form of goddess Durga.

Q8. Answer: (a)

Nimbarakacharya believed in the theory of Bheda-abheda. Sri Chaitanya Mahaprabhu amalgamated the views of all the previous Acaryas in his thesis of Acintya-bhedabheda Tattva explicitly explained by Sri Baladeva Vidyabhusana in his Govinda Bhasya of the Vedanta-sutra.

Q9. Answer: (b)

Q10. Answer: (c)

The six distinct school of Indian philosophy Sankhya, Yoga, Nyaya, Vaishasika, Mimamsa, Vedanta became fully articulated during the Gupta period.

Q11. Answer: (b)

The correct match list of dynasty and states is: Dynasty State Kadamba Karnataka Kharvela Odisha Chalukya Gujarat Pala Bengal The Kadamba Dynasty (345 – 525 CE) was a

primaeval majestic dynasty of Karnataka that ruled from Vijayanti or Banavasi in present day Uttara Kannada district.

The decline of the Satavahana power in the Deccan was followed by the rule of many lesser dynasties like the Chutes, the Abhiras and the Ikshvakus. During the third century AD the Karnataka area, however, emerged out of this political confusion in the following century. Kharavela (193 BCE – after 170 BCE) was the third and greatest emperor of the Mahameghavahana dynasty of Kalinga (present-day Odisha).

The main source of information about Kharavela is his famous seventeen lines rock-cut Hathigumpha inscription in a cave in the Udayagiri hills near Bhubaneswar, Odisha. The Chalukya dynasty was a powerful Indian royal dynasty that ruled large parts of southern and central India between the 6th and the 12th century CE.

Pala dynasty, ruling dynasty in Bihar and Bengal, India, from the 8th to the 12th centuries. Its founder, Gopala, was a local chieftain who rose to power in the mid-8th century during a period of anarchy.

Q12. Answer: (b)

Q13. Answer: (a)

Chandragupta, I was the first ruler of Gupta dynasty to assume the title of 'Maharajadhiraja' Chandragupta I assumed the high-sounding title of Maharajadhiraja (Great King of Kings).

Conceding the importance of his wife, Chandragupta issued gold coins in the joint names of himself, his queens Kumaradevi and the Lichchhavi nation. Emboldened by his success, he established a new era.

Q14. Answer: (c)

Q15. Answer: (b)

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