MEASURING DEVICES AND SCALES BASED GENERAL SCIENCE MCQ PRACTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS PDF WITH EXPLANATION

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Q1.	SONAR	is	mostly	used	by
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- a) Engineers
- b) Astronauts
- c) Doctors
- d) Navigators

Q2. The intensity of Earthquake is measured in

- a) pH scale
- b) Richter scale
- c) Decibel scale
- d) Celsius scale

Q3. What is measured by manometer?

- a) Density of liquids
- b) Air pressure
- c) Pressure of gas
- d) Pressure of oil on the surface

Q4. Radar is used for

- a) Determining the presence and location of objects with radio wave
- b) Detecting objects by using light waves
- c) Reflecting sound waves to detect objects

d) Tracking rain-bearing clouds

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Q5. Hygrometer is used to measure

- a) High temperature
- b) Humidity in atmosphere
- c) Atmospheric pressure
- d) Velocity of wind

Q6. Which one of the following is not correctly matched?

- a) Tacheometer Pressure difference
- b) Anemometer Wind speed
- c) Ammeter Electric current
- d) Pyrometer High temp.

Q7. Which one of the following can be used to measure temperature above 1500°C?

- a) Platinum resistance thermometer
- b) Clinical thermometer
- c) Thermoelectric couple thermometer
- d) Pyrometer

Q8. Which one of the following pair is not correctly matched?

- a) Audiometer Device for measuring sound intensity
- b) Odometer Measuring instrument for distance covered by motor wheels

- c) Ondometer Measuring instrument for frequency of electromagnetic waves d) Ammeter - Measuring instrument for electric power Q9. Richter scale is used for measuring a) Amplitude of seismic waves b) Velocity of sound c) Intensity of light d) Intensity of sound Q10. In SONAR, we use a) Ultrasonic waves b) Radio waves c) Audible sound waves d) Infrasonic waves Q11. The liquid/liquids used in the simple barometer is/are a) Alcohol b) Water c) Mercury d) All of these Q12. The velocity of wind is measured by a) Hydrometer
- b) Barometer
- c) Anemometer
- d) Wind Vane

Q13. Which one of the following devices is used to measure extremely high temperature?

- a) Phonometer
- b) Pyrometer
- c) Photometer
- d) Pycnometer

Q14. 'Pyrheliometer' is used for measuring

- a) Air temperature
- b) Sun spots
- c) Solar radiation
- d) Temperature of plants

Q15. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the code given below the lists.

List I	List II
A. Stethoscope	1. To measure intensity of light
B. Sphygmomanometer	2. To check purity of gold
C. Caratometer	3. To hear heart sound
D. Lux meter	4. To measure blood pressure

Code: (A) (B) (C) (D)

- a) 3 4 2 1
- b) 1234
- c) 4 3 2 1
- d) 2 1 4 3

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Answers to the above questions:

Q1. Answer: (d)

Q2. Answer: (b)

Q3. Answer: (c)

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MEASUREMENT AND SI UNITS MEASURING DEVICES AND SCALES

MECHANICS (MASS, FORCE, ACCELERATION, WORK, ENERGY, MOMENTUM, VELOCITY)

FORCE OF GRAVITY, SOLIDS AND FLUIDS MOTION UNDER GRAVITY

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS

LIGHT, HEAT, THERMODYNAMICS, WAVE MOTION, SOUND, OPTICS & OSCILLATIONS

ELECTRIC CURRENT AND MAGNETISM NUCLEAR PHYSICS AND CONDUCTIVITY

MODERN AND SPACE PHYSICS, SOURCES OF ENERGY

GENERAL CONCEPTS OF CHEMISTRY NATURE OF MATTER AND COMPOSITION

ATOMIC STRUCTURE MOLECULES AND NUCLEAR CHEMISTRY

CLASSIFICATION OF ELEMENTS, CHEMICAL BONDING, PERIODICITY IN PROPERTIES & PHYSICAL TRANSFORMATION

METALS, NON METALS, MINERALS, ORES, PROPERTIES, USES

ALLOYS, CARBON & ITS VARIOUS FORMS, HYDROGEN & COMPOUNDS, SULPHUR,
NITROGEN, HALOGEN & INERT GASES

ACIDS, BASES, SALTS AND METALS

HYDROCARBON, ALCOHOL, POLYMER, ORGANIC ACID AND EXPLOSIVE SUBSTANCE
FUEL, FOOD PRESERVATION, NUTRITION, MEDICINE, DETERGENTS AND FERTILIZERS
INORGANIC CHEMISTRY ORGANIC CHEMISTRY ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY
SOME IMPORTANT MAN MADE MATERIALS SUB DIVISIONS OF BIOLOGY
GENETICS, EVOLUTION OF LIFE & ECOLOGICAL BIODIVERSITY TAXONOMY
HEREDITY BIOFERTILIZER
BIOLOGICAL CLASSIFICATION CELL TISSUES AND DIVISION HUMAN ANATOMY
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VITAMINS, NUTRITION, HEALTH, DISEASE AND TREATMENT
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Q4. Answer: (a)	
Q5. Answer: (b)	
Q6. Answer: (a)	
Q7. Answer: (d)	

Q8. Answer: (d)
Q9. Answer: (a)
Q10. Answer: (a)
Q11. Answer: (c)
Q12. Answer: (c)
Q13. Answer: (b)
Q14. Answer: (c) A pyrheliometer is a device that measures solar irradiance coming directly from the sun. The SI units of irradiance are watts per square metre (W/m²).
Q15. Answer: (a)

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