

WORLD ORGANISATIONS BASED INDIAN GENERAL AWARENESS MCQ PRACTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS PDF WITH EXPLANATION

For All Competitive SSC, Bank, IBPS, UPSC, Railway, IT & Other Govt. Exams

Created By [Careericons](#) Team

Q1. Which of the following is used as a logo of the World Wide Fund (WWF) for Nature ?

- a) Deer
 - b) Lion
 - c) Panda
 - d) Camel
-

Q2. The UN has recently passed a resolution against human right violation in a South Asian country. Which of the following was the country?

- India
- Pakistan
- Sri Lanka

Select the answer from the codes given below.

- a) 3 only
 - b) 2 only
 - c) 1 only
 - d) None
-

Q3. Which one of the following statements about NATO is not correct?

- a) Turkey is a member of NATO.
 - b) The US is an ex-officio member of NATO.
 - c) NATO is a collective defence organization in Europe.
 - d) NATO has 28 independent member states.
-

Q4. Which country decided to join the United Nations, as a Member, on the basis of the results of a referendum held in the country ?

- a) Switzerland
- b) Finland
- c) Belgium
- d) Austria

5000+ FREE INDIAN GENERAL AWARENESS MCQ QUESTION BANK FOR ALL SSC, UPSC, BANK, RAILWAY EXAMS

[Free Practice MCQs »](#)

[Download More PDF »](#)

[Free Online Quiz »](#)

Q5. Which one of the following countries is NOT a permanent member of the UN Security Council?

- a) United States of America
- b) United Kingdom
- c) Germany
- d) Russia

Q6. The main objective of the World Trade Organisation (WTO) is to

- a) establish a centre for trading
- b) increase the volume of international trade through the removal of restrictions on trade gradually
- c) establish a harmonious atmosphere in the world market
- d) encourage international trade

Q7. Which was the latest country to be admitted as a new member State of U.N. ?

- a) Montenegro.
- b) South Sudan
- c) Switzerland

d) East Timor

Q8. Once elected for a full term, a judge serves on the International Court of Justice for

- a) ten years
 - b) nine years
 - c) five years
 - d) six years
-

Q9. Which among the following continent does not have any world cultural heritage site recognised by the UNESCO ?

- a) South America
 - b) Australia
 - c) North America
 - d) Africa
 - e) None of These
-

Q10. How many permanent members are there in the Security Council ?

- a) Four
 - b) Six
 - c) Three
 - d) Five
-

Q11. How many countries are the members of U.N. General Assembly ?

- a) 193
- b) 192
- c) 190
- d) 191

Q12. The World Trade Organisation (WTO) agreements:

- Cover goods, services and intellectual property.
- Spell out the principles of liberalization, and the permitted exceptions.
- Include individual countries' commitments to lower customs, tariffs and other trade barriers, and to open and keep open services markets.
- Set procedures for settling disputes.

Select the answer from the codes given below:

- a) 1, 3 and 4
- b) 2, 3, and 4
- c) 1, 2 and 3
- d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

1000+ FREE WORLD ORGANISATIONS BASED QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS FOR ALL COMPETITIVE EXAMS

[Free Practice MCQs »](#)

[Download More PDF »](#)

[Free Online Quiz »](#)

Q13. The five permanent members of the UN Security Council are

- a) Germany, China, USA, Russia and UK
- b) Japan, Germany, Russia, UK and USA
- c) USA, China, France, Russia and Canada
- d) China, France, Russia, UK and USA

Q14. According to the UN convention on the rights of the child which of the following is not a right ?

- a) Employment
- b) Education
- c) Safe drinking water
- d) Adequate standard of living

Q15. Then term "United Nations" was coined by:

- a) Lenin
- b) Churchill
- c) Roosevelt
- d) Stalin

[Read More world organisations Question and Answers »](#)

Answers to the above questions :

Q1. Answer: (c)

The World Wildlife Fund was founded in 1961. Its logo is based on Chi-Chi, a panda who was a popular attraction at the London Zoo at the time.

WWF felt “the big, furry animal with her appealing, black patched eyes” would make an excellent logo and minimize printing costs (black and white).

The logo was created by the organization’s Co-founder Sir Peter Scott.

WWF logo
Image not found or type unknown

Q2. Answer: (a)

The United Nations, Human Rights Council voted in March 2014 to open an international investigation into possible war crimes by both the Sri Lankan government and the Tamil Tiger rebels in the final stages of a 26-year civil war that ended in 2009.

Q3. Answer: (b)

The North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) is an alliance of 28 countries from North America and Europe committed to fulfilling the goals of the North Atlantic Treaty signed on 4 April 1949.

In accordance with the treaty, the fundamental role of NATO is to safeguard the freedom and security of its member countries by political and military means. NATO is playing an increasingly important role in crisis management and peacekeeping.

5000+ INDIAN GENERAL AWARENESS MCQ TOPIC WISE MCQ QUESTION BANK WITH SOLVED ANSWERS & FREE PDF

[ART & CULTURE](#)

[BOOKS AND AUTHORS](#)

[HONOURS & AWARDS](#)

[WORLD ORGANISATIONS](#)

[SPORTS & GAMES](#)

[IT & COMPUTER](#)

[SCIENTIST, DISCOVERIES & INVENTIONS](#)

[SCIENCE & TECH](#)

[SPACE & SATELLITE](#)

[INDIAN POLITICAL, SOCIO ECONOMIC PANORAMA & ISSUES \(NATIONAL\)](#)

[WORLD POLITICAL, SOCIO ECONOMIC PANORAMA & ISSUES \(INTERNATIONAL\)](#)

Q4. Answer: (a)

The federal rule and referendums have been used in Switzerland since 1848.

A referendum (also known as a plebiscite or a vote on a ballot question) is a direct vote in which an entire electorate is asked to either accept or reject a particular proposal, usually a piece of legislation that has been passed into law by the local legislative body and was signed by the pertinent executive official(s).

Q5. Answer: (c)

The 5 veto-wielding permanent members in the United Nations Security Council are China, France, Russia, the United Kingdom, and the United States of America.

Q6. Answer: (b)

The World Trade Organization (WTO) is an organization that intends to supervise and liberalize international trade.

The organization deals with regulation of trade between participating countries; it provides a framework for negotiating and formalizing trade agreements, and a dispute resolution process aimed at enforcing participants' adherence to WTO agreements, which are signed by representatives of member governments and ratified by their parliaments

Q7. Answer: (b)

South Sudan is the latest country to be admitted as a new member state of the United Nations.

Q8. Answer: (b)

The International Court of Justice is the primary judicial organ of the United Nations. It is based in the Peace Palace in The Hague, the Netherlands. The ICJ is composed of fifteen judges elected to nine-year terms by the UN General Assembly and the UN Security Council from a list of persons nominated by the national groups in the Permanent Court of Arbitration.

The election process is set out in Articles 4– 19 of the ICJ statute. Elections are staggered with five judges elected every three years, in order to ensure continuity within the court.

Q9. Answer: (e)

There are 962 World Heritage Sites located in 157 States Party. Of these, 745 are cultural, 188 are natural and 29 are mixed properties.

The World Heritage Committee has divided the countries into five geographic zones:

1. Africa,
2. Arab States (composed of most of the Middle East and North Africa),
3. Asia and Oceania,
4. Europe & North America (includes Canada and the United States) and Latin America & Caribbean.
5. Russia and the Caucasus states are classified as European,

While Mexico is classified as belonging to the Latin America & Caribbean zone, despite its location in North America.

Q10. Answer: (d)

The United Nations Security Council (UNSC) is one of the principal organs of the United Nations and is charged with the maintenance of international peace and security.

Its powers, outlined in the United Nations Charter, include the establishment of peacekeeping operations, the establishment of international sanctions, and the authorization of military action. Its powers are exercised through United Nations Security Council resolutions.

The Security Council held its first session on 17 January 1946 at Church House, Westminster, London. Since its first meeting, the Council, which exists in continuous session,

has travelled widely, holding meetings in many cities, such as Paris and Addis Ababa, as well as at its current permanent home at the United Nations Headquarters in New York City.

There are 15 members of the Security Council, consisting of five veto-wielding permanent members—China, France, Russia, the United Kingdom, and the United States—based on the great powers that were the victors of World War II, and 10 elected non-permanent members with two-year terms.

Q11. Answer: (a)

There are 193 members of the United Nations General Assembly. Established in 1945 under the Charter of the United Nations, the General Assembly occupies a central position as the chief deliberative, policymaking and representative organ of the United Nations.

Q12. Answer: (d)

The WTO agreements cover goods, services and intellectual property. These agreements are not static; they are renegotiated from time to time and new agreements can be added to the package. Many are now being negotiated under the Doha Development Agenda, launched by WTO trade ministers in Doha, Qatar, in November 2001.

Q13. Answer: (d)

The **permanent members** of the United Nations Security Council are:

1. China,
2. France,
3. Russia (formerly the Soviet Union),
4. The United Kingdom, and
5. The United States.

These are the states in which the UN Charter of 1945 grants a permanent seat on the UN Security Council. These countries represent the five great powers considered to be the victors of World War II.

Q14. Answer: (a)

The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC) is a human rights treaty setting out the civil, political, economic, social, health and cultural rights of children. The Convention deals with the child-specific needs and rights. It requires that states act in the best interests of the child.

Q15. Answer: (c)

The name "United Nations" was coined by United States President Franklin D. Roosevelt. It was first used in the Declaration by United Nations of 1 January 1942, during the Second World War, when representatives of 26 nations pledged their Governments to continue fighting together against the Axis Powers.

On our site **Careerions.com**, You can find all the content you need to prepare for any kind of exam like. **Verbal Reasoning, Non-Verbal Reasoning, Aptitude, English, Computer, History, Polity, Economy, Geography, General Science, General Awareness & So on.** Make use of our expert-curated content to get an edge over your competition and prepare for your exams effectively.

Practice with our **Free Practice MCQs, Mock Tests Series, Online Quiz** and get an idea of the real exam environment. Keep track of your progress with our detailed performance reports. They are perfect for competitive exam preparation, as well as for brushing up on basic & fundamental knowledge. The questions are updated regularly to keep up with the changing syllabuses.